

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandra, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	i	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/517,863	03/03/2000	Gotz Nowak		9282-010US (D 1062 US)	5694
570	570 7590 01/29/2004			. EXAMINER	
AKIN GUMP STRAUSS HAUER & FELD L.L.P. ONE COMMERCE SQUARE 2005 MARKET STREET, SUITE 2200				DI NOLA BARON, LILIANA	
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
PHILADELPHIA, PA 19103-7013				1615	

DATE MAILED: 01/29/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
•		09/517,863	NOWAK ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Liliana Di Nola-Baron	1615				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondenc address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27	January 2003.					
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	is action is non-final.					
3)	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	4) Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-16 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicat	tion Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 03 March 2000 is/are: a) ☑ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
_	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. 							
2) Noti	nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s	5) Notice of Informal F	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election of the polymer species comprising an acid, and proteins as the species of the active substance in Paper No. 7 is acknowledged. Election of the linker species was not required in the previous Office action. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Callstrom et al. (U.S. Patent 5,736,625) in view of Miyashiro et al. (U.S. Patent 4,642,335).

Callstrom et al. discloses compounds comprising a protein covalently bonded to a polymer through a linker group, and teaches that the linker group is a polyol having hydroxyl groups and the polymer is an acrylic polymer having carbonyl groups (See col. 7, lines 20-60 and col. 5, line 60 to col. 6, line 27). Thus, Callstrom et al. provides a substance (protein) bonded to a polymer surface comprising a carbonyl group via a linker having functional groups, as claimed by

Application/Control Number: 09/517,863

Art Unit: 1615

Applicant. The acrylic polymer disclosed by Callstrom et al. (See col. 5, line 60 to col. 6, line 27) meets the structure limitation of instant claim 3. With respect to claims 1-16, Callstrom et al. is deficient in the sense, that the patent does not provide a process to break the bond between the polymer and the linker, as claimed by Applicant.

Miyashiro et al. teaches that hydrogen bonds and hydrophobic bonds are broken by extraction with methanol (See col. 4, lines 22-33). The methanol disclosed by the prior art is a polar organic solvent, comprises a polar carbon-oxygen bond, and is an alkanol, and thus meets the limitations of instant claims 1, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 and 15. With regard to claims 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14 and 16 of the instant application, the patent does not disclose the concentration of the methanol solution, however, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been capable of determining the optimal concentration of methanol by routine experimentation.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to device a process to break the bond between a polymer and a linker in a composition, by extracting the composition with methanol, a polar organic solvent. The expected result would have been a successful process of separating linker-coupled substances, such as proteins, from a polymer surface. Because of the teachings of Callstrom et al., that linker-coupled proteins may be bonded to polymers, and the teachings of Miyashiro et al., that hydrogen and hydrophobic bonds may be broken by extraction with methanol, one of ordinary skill in the art would have a reasonable expectation that the process claimed in the instant application would be successful in separating linker-coupled substances from a polymer surface.

Page 4

Application/Control Number: 09/517,863

Art Unit: 1615

Therefore the invention as a whole would have been *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Liliana Di Nola-Baron whose telephone number is 703-308-8318 (571-272-0592 after February 3, 2004). The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday, 8:30AM-7:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thurman K Page can be reached on 703-308-2927 (571-272-0602 after February 3, 2004). The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 308-1234/1235.

Lenez

January 21, 2004

THURMAN K PAGE SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600